EYFS Development matters	EYFS - Autumn 1 Exploring sound	EYFS - Autumn 2 Celebration music	EYFS - Spring 1 Music and movement	EYFS - Spring 2 Musical stories	EYFS - Summer 1 Transport	EYFS - Summer 2 Big band
link	Objectives:  To explore using voices to make a variety of sounds  To explore how to use our bodies to make sound  To explore the sounds of different instruments  To identify sound in the environment and differentiate between them  To use voices to imitate nature sounds	Objectives: To learn about music from another culture, particularly when related to the festival of Diwali To respond to music with movement To learn about music from another culture, particularly when related to the festival of Hanukkah. To learn the names of some traditional Jewish musical instruments. To play and move to traditional Jewish Hanukkah music. To learn about music from another culture, particularly when related to the festival of Kwanzaa To take part in a traditional call and response song To find classroom objects to use as drums and play in response to African music To learn about traditional Christmas music To take part in a group song involving singing, voice sounds and playing instruments	Objectives: To understand why songs have actions To learn some simple Makaton signs to accompany a song To explore beat through body movement To express feelings and emotions through movement to music To explore pitch and tempo through scarf dancing and body movement To perform action songs to a small audience.	Objectives:  To listen to the lyrics and melody: "Teddy Bear's Picnic" by John Walter Bratton and Jimmy Kennedy and recall part of the story.  To move to music with instruction, changing movements to match the tempo, pitch or dynamic of the piece.  To talk about how a piece of music makes you feel.  To use actions to retell a story to music  To sing and perform a group song  To learn how instruments can represent a certain mood, character or action  To experiment with the sounds of different instruments  To create a musical story based upon a familiar routine  To use instruments to represent moods or actions  To play an instrument as part of a group story	Objectives:  To explore creating sound effects.  To explore making sounds at different speeds.  To explore moving to different tempos.  To interpret symbols to show a change in speed.  To interpret a simple score to show tempo changes.	Objectives:  To discuss what makes a musical instrument  To use recyclable materials to create a simple representation of a musical instrument  To learn what an orchestra is  To learn about the four different groups of musical instruments  To copy and follow a beat  To follow a beat using an untuned instrument  To experiment with playing tuned and untuned instruments  To play in time to familiar songs  To choose appropriate instruments of a song.  To perform a practised song to a small audience.

		<ul> <li>To sing and move to a         Christmas song</li> <li>To suggest appropriate         actions to match song         lyrics</li> <li>To sing and move to         Christmas songs</li> </ul>				
Children in reception will be learning to: • Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme.  Expressing different spontaneous emotional reactions to music, (smiling, movement, body language)  Identifying and imitating sounds from a variety of music.	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme.  Exploring spontaneous movement with different parts of their body in response to music.  Expressing different spontaneous emotional reactions to music, (smiling, movement, body language)  Identifying and imitating sounds from a variety of music.  Showing preferences for certain music or sounds.  Listening to music from a wide variety of cultures and historical periods.	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme.  Exploring spontaneous movement with different parts of their body in response to music.  Expressing different spontaneous emotional reactions to music, (smiling, movement, body language)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme.  Considering whether background music and sound effects can enhance storytelling.	Listening and evaluating (oracy) Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme.	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme.  Identifying and imitating sounds from a variety of music.

Mu
Children in
reception will
be learning
to:
<ul> <li>Sing in a</li> </ul>
group or on
their own,
increasingly
matching the
pitch and
following the
melody.
• Explore,
use and
refine a
variety of
artistic
effects to
express their
ideas and
feelings.
Explore and
engage in music making
and dance,
performing solo or in
groups.

# Creating sound: improvising/composing

Singing short, rhythmic rhymes and songs.

Using both speaking and singing voices.

Unconsciously beginning to sing to the pulse of a song.

Exploring vowel sounds through call and response activities.

Exploring different ways of making sound with everyday objects and instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Exploring different ways of holding a range of instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Starting to show a preference for a dominant hand when playing instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Using instruments to begin to follow a beat, with guidance.

Finding a comfortable static position when playing instruments or singing.

Exploring and imitating sounds from their

### Creating sound: improvising/composing

Singing short, rhythmic rhymes and songs.

Unconsciously beginning to sing to the pulse of a song.

Exploring vowel sounds through call and response activities.

Exploring different ways of making sound with everyday objects and instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Exploring different ways of holding a range of instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Starting to show a preference for a dominant hand when playing instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Using instruments expressively to music. (Group B.)

Using instruments to begin to follow a beat, with guidance.

Finding a comfortable static position when playing instruments or singing.

## Creating sound: improvising/composing

Singing short, rhythmic rhymes and songs.

Unconsciously beginning to sing to the pulse of a song.

Exploring and imitating sounds from their environment and in response to events in stories.

Experimenting with creating sound in different ways using instruments, body percussion and voices.

Playing sounds at the relevant point in a storytelling.

## Creating sound: improvising/composing

Exploring different ways of making sound with everyday objects and instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Exploring different ways of holding a range of instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Starting to show a preference for a dominant hand when playing instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Using instruments expressively to music. (Group B.)

Finding a comfortable static position when playing instruments or singing.

Exploring and imitating sounds from their environment and in response to events in stories.

Experimenting with creating sound in different ways using instruments, body percussion and voices.

Selecting sounds that make them feel a certain way or remind them of something.

Playing sounds at the relevant point in a storytelling.

### Creating sound: improvising/composing

Singing short, rhythmic rhymes and songs.

Using both speaking and singing voices.

Unconsciously beginning to sing to the pulse of a song.

Exploring vowel sounds through call and response activities.

Starting to show a preference for a dominant hand when playing instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Using instruments to begin to follow a beat, with guidance.

Finding a comfortable static position when playing instruments or singing.

## Creating sound: improvising/composing

Exploring different ways of holding a range of instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Starting to show a preference for a dominant hand when playing instruments. (Groups A, B and C.)

Using instruments expressively to music. (Group B.)

Using instruments to begin to follow a beat, with guidance.

Finding a comfortable static position when playing instruments or singing.

	environment and in response to events in stories.  Experimenting with creating sound in different ways using instruments, body percussion and voices.	Selecting classroom objects to use as instruments.				
Children in reception will be learning	Performing – singing and playing	Performing – singing and playing	Performing – singing and playing – perform action songs to an audience	Performing – singing and playing	Performing – singing and playing	Performing – singing and playing
to:	Facing the audience when	Facing the audience when	D. S. S. A. A. L. A.A.	Beginning to say what they	Facing the audience when	Beginning to say what they
Watch and talk about	performing a nursery rhyme.	performing.	Beginning to say what they liked about others'	liked about others' performances.	performing.	liked about others' performances.
dance and	,	Performing actively as	performances.	por you manage.	Performing actively as part of	per yer manees.
performance	Demonstrating being a	part of a group.	•	Facing the audience when	a group.	Facing the audience when
art,	good audience member, by		Facing the audience when	performing.		performing.
expressing	looking, listening and	Demonstrating being a	performing.		Demonstrating being a good	
their feelings	maintaining attention.	good audience member, by		Performing actively as part	audience member, by looking,	Spontaneously expressing
and		looking, listening and	Spontaneously expressing	of a group.	listening and maintaining	feelings around performing.
responses.  • Sing in a		maintaining attention.	feelings around performing.	Demonstrating being a good	attention.	Performing actively as part of
group or on			Performing actively as part	audience member, by looking,		a group.
their own,			of a group.	listening and maintaining		- 3 7.
increasingly			. 5	attention.		Demonstrating being a good
matching the			Demonstrating being a good			audience member, by looking,
pitch and			audience member, by looking,			listening and maintaining
following the			listening and maintaining			attention.
melody.			attention.			

Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation
Developing an awareness of high and low through pictorial representations of sound.  Developing an awareness of how simple marks or objects can show single beats and single beat rests.				Developing an awareness of how simple marks or objects can show single beats and single beat rests.  Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols using musical terminology.	Developing an awareness of high and low through pictorial representations of sound.  Developing an awareness of how simple marks or objects can show single beats and single beat rests.  To understand that 'reading' music means using how the written note symbols look and their position to know what notes to play.  Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.
					Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols using musical terminology.

<b>Year 1 - HT1</b> Keeping the pulse (My	<b>Year 1 - HT2</b> Tempo (snail and	Year 1 - HT3	Year 1 - HT4	Year 1 - HT5	Year 1 - HT6
favourite things)	mouse)	Dynamics (seaside)	Pitch (superheroes)	Sound patterns (fairytales)	Musical symbols (under the sea)
Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:
<ul> <li>To demonstrate an understanding of pulse using parts of the body.</li> </ul>	To use voices and bodies expressively, while exploring tempo.	To understand how music can be used to represent an environment.	To identify high- and low- pitched sounds.	To explore and change dynamics using the voice.	To explore tempo changes through movement.
<ul> <li>To keep a pulse and show a sound pattern using bodies and voices.</li> <li>To explore using a</li> </ul>	To practice a rhyme using fast and slow beats on instruments.	To explore using instruments, body and voice to create a seaside soundscape.	To explore pitch by creating two-pitch patterns.  To demonstrate tempo changes.	To experiment with creating different sounds using a single instrument.	To explore how dynamics can be represented by different symbols.
thinking voice to show the pulse.  To play short rhythms in time with the pulse.	To use voices to perform a song with a fast and slow beat.	To identify how dynamics can reflect environments.	To create a superhero theme tune with a variety in tempo and pitch.	To read simple rhythmic patterns comprising of one beat sounds and one beat rests.	To interpret symbols to demonstrate a pitch pattern.  To perform as part of a group to
Time with the puise.	To use singing voices and an instrument to perform a song with a fast and slow beat.	To create and represent sounds using symbols.	To perform a piece of superhero music showing a change of pitch and tempo.	To play sound patterns in time with the pulse using a visual stimulus.	demonstrate dynamics, pitch and rhythm.
	To demonstrate fast and slow beats within the context of a story.			To show awareness of different roles when performing in a group performance.	
Listening and evaluating (oracy) Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Recognising basic tempo	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from	Listening and evaluating (oracy) Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of music.	Listening and evaluating (oracy) Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of music.
excerpts from longer pieces of	changes.	longer pieces of music.	longer pieces of music.	longer pieces of music.	longer pieces of music.
music.  Engaging with and responding to	Describing the character, mood, or 'story' of music they	Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.
longer pieces of music.  Beginning to move in time with the beat of the music.	listen to (verbally or through movement).  Describing the differences	Coordinating the speed of their movements to match the speed of the music (not the beat).	Coordinating the speed of their movements to match the speed of the music (not the beat).	Beginning to articulate how a piece of music affects them (e.g it makes them feel sleepy, it makes them want to dance, it makes them happy).	Coordinating the speed of their movements to match the speed of the music (not the beat).
	between two pieces of music.	, , ,	, ,		Beginning to articulate how a piece of
Recognising simple patterns and repetition in rhythm (e.g. where	Listening to and repeating	Beginning to articulate how a piece of music affects them (e.g it makes them	Beginning to articulate how a piece of music affects them (e.g it makes	Identifying some common instruments when listening to music.	music affects them (e.g it makes them feel sleepy, it makes them want
a pattern of beats is repeated).	short, simple rhythmic patterns.	feel sleepy, it makes them want to dance, it makes them happy)	them feel sleepy, it makes them want to dance, it makes them happy).	Relating sounds in music to real-	to dance, it makes them happy).
Recognising simple patterns and	Liakanina and magnandina ka	Talantifician dama assument instruments	Danaminina simula mattanus and	world experiences (e.g., "It sounds	Identifying some common
repetition in pitch (e.g. do-re-mi).	Listening and responding to other performers by playing as part of a group.	Identifying some common instruments when listening to music.	Recognising simple patterns and repetition in pitch (e.g. do-re-mi).	like squelching mud"). Recognising simple patterns and repetition in rhythm (e.g. where a	instruments when listening to music.  Relating sounds in music to real-world
To recognise and name the following instruments: up to	,		Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary fast and slow.	pattern of beats is repeated).	experiences (e.g. "it sounds like squelching mud").

three instruments from Group A and B.  Giving positive feedback relating to the tempo of practices and performances using the vocabulary of fast and slow.		Relating sounds in music to real-world experiences (eg. 'It sounds like squelching mud').  Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary fast and slow.  Talking about the dynamics of the music, using the vocabulary loud, quiet and silent.  Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary high and low.  To recognise and name the following instruments: up to three instruments from Group A and B.  Giving positive feedback related to the dynamics of practices and performances, using the vocabulary of loud, quiet and silent.  Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.	Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary high and low.  Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances	Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.	Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary fast and slow.  Talking about the dynamics of the music, using the vocabulary loud, quiet and silent.  Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary high and low. Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.
		Appreciating music from a wide variety of cultures and historical periods.			
Creating sound: improvising/composing Practising singing songs with a wider pitch range (e.g. pentatonic melodies) which is gradually getting higher or lower.  Exploring changing their singing	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Combining instrumental and vocal sounds within a given structure.  Beginning to make improvements to their work	Creating sound: improvising/composing Creating sound responses to a variety of physical stimuli, such as nature, artwork and stories.  Experimenting with creating different sounds using a single instrument.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Using instruments imaginatively to create soundscapes which convey a sense of place. Using bilateral and hand-eye co- ordination to play/hold instruments using both hands.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Developing an awareness of how dynamics are affected by the force with which an instrument is played.  Using instruments imaginatively to create soundscapes which convey a sense of place.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Developing an awareness of how sound is affected by the way an instrument is held.  Using instruments imaginatively to create soundscapes which convey a sense of place.
voice in different ways.  Breathing at appropriate times when singing.	as suggested by the teacher.  Using their voices expressively to speak and chant.	Experimenting with creating loud, soft, high and low sounds.  Selecting objects and/or instruments to create sounds to represent a given	Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.	Using bilateral and hand-eye coordination to play/hold instruments using both hands.	Using bilateral and hand-eye coordination to play/hold instruments using both hands.
Learning to use instruments to follow the beat, by first observing and then mimicking the teacher's modelling.		idea or character.  Developing an awareness of how sound is affected by the way an instrument is held. (Group A, B and C.)	Creating sound responses to a variety of physical stimuli, such as nature, artwork and stories.	Starting to understand how to produce different sounds on pitched instruments.  Maintaining a comfortable position	Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.
Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or		is neid. (Group A, B and C.)	Experimenting with creating different sounds using a single instrument.	Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.	Creating sound responses to a variety of physical stimuli, such as nature, artwork and stories.

standing to sing and play instruments.  Improvising simple question and answer phrases, using untuned percussion or voices.		Using instruments imaginatively to create soundscapes which convey a sense of place. (Group B.)  Using bilateral and hand-eye coordination to play/hold instruments using both hands. (Group A.)  Maintaining a comfortable position	Experimenting with creating loud, soft, high and low sounds.  Selecting objects and/or instruments to create sounds to represent a given idea or character.  Playing and combining sounds under	Creating sound responses to a variety of physical stimuli, such as nature, artwork and stories.  Selecting objects and/or instruments to create sounds to represent a given idea or character.	Experimenting with creating different sounds using a single instrument.  Experimenting with creating loud, soft, high and low sounds.  Selecting objects and/or instruments
		when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.	the direction of a leader (the teacher).	Playing and combining sounds under the direction of a leader (the teacher).	to create sounds to represent a given idea or character.
Performing – singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing
Starting to maintain a steady beat throughout short	Singing short songs from memory, maintaining the	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.
performances.	overall shape of the melody and keeping in time.	Showing awareness of the leader, particularly when starting or ending a	Keeping instruments still until their part in the performance.	Keeping instruments still until their part in the performance.	Showing awareness of the leader, particularly when starting or ending a
Keeping instruments still until their part in the performance.	Responding to simple musical instructions such as tempo	piece.	Showing awareness of the leader, particularly when starting or ending		piece.
Performing actively as part of a group; keeping in time with the	changes.		a piece.		
beat.	Competently singing songs with a very small pitch range				
Showing awareness of the leader, particularly when starting or ending a piece.	(two notes that are different but close together).				
Notation Reading different types of	Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation
notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs. Using pictorial representations		Reading different types of notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.	Reading different types of notation and understanding they are read by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs		Reading different types of notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.
to stay in time with the pulse when singing or playing.			Recognising pitch patterns using dots.		
Confidently reading simple rhythmic patterns comprising of one beat sounds and one beat rests.			4015.		
1 3313.					

Year 2 - HT1	Year 2 - HT2	Year 2 - HT3	Year 2 - HT4	Year 2 - HT5	Year 2 - HT6
Call and response	Contrasting dynamics	Instruments (musical	Singing (On this island)	Structure (myths and	Pitch (Musical me)
(animals)	(space)	storytelling)		legends)	
Objectives: To create short sounds with varied dynamics that represent an animal. To copy a short sound pattern. To explore call and response using instruments. To create sound patterns based on call and response. To perform different sound patterns with contrasting	Objectives:  To create a simple soundscape using dynamic changes.  To listen to music and respond creatively, considering how dynamics can be represented.  To compare two pieces of music.  To create a short pitch pattern to represent a planet.  To perform a pitch pattern	Objectives: To explore listening and analysing a piece of music in relation to a story.  To explore how music and sound effects can tell a story.  To select appropriate sounds to match events, characters and feelings in a story.  To suggest appropriate sounds to represent parts of a story.	Objectives: To learn to sing a British folk song To practise and perform a song relating to the countryside / the city To create symbols to represent sounds. To develop and perform a musical composition.	Objectives:  To read and clap a rhythm based on a phrase from a story.  To hear, write and clap rhythms based on a phrase from a story.  To use a rhythm in different ways to demonstrate structure.  To create a structure using rhythmic patterns.  To perform a group composition.	Objectives:  To understand and practice reading different symbols to show pitch.  To sing and draw pitch patterns.  To read and understand the notation for the song 'Once a Man Fell in a Well.'  To use a tuned percussion instrument to play a song.  To complete the notation for a
dynamics.	representing a planet, using vocal and instrumental sounds and changes in dynamics.	To perform a composition showing changes in tempo and dynamics.			short song using a three-line stave.
Listening and evaluating (oracy) Listening with concentration to	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)
short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of music.	Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of	Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of	Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of music.	Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of music.	Recognising simple patterns and repetition in pitch (e.g. do-re-mi).
Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	music.  Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	music.  Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music.	Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary high and low.  Stating what they enjoyed about
Beginning to explain why the music has a certain effect on them, which could be related to	Beginning to explain why the music has a certain effect on	Beginning to explain why the music has a certain effect on	Confidently moving in time with the beat of the music when modelled.	Confidently moving in time with the beat of the music when modelled.	their peers' performances.
the music or a personal experience. Recognising simple patterns and repetition in rhythm. (e.g. where	them, which could be related to the music or a personal experience.	them, which could be related to the music or a personal experience.	Beginning to explain why the music has a certain effect on them, which could be related to the music or a personal experience.	Beginning to keep movements to the beat of different speeds of music.  Beginning to explain why the music is	
a pattern of beats is repeated).	Identifying some common instruments when listening to	Identifying some common instruments when listening to	Identifying some common instruments	having a certain effect on them: this could be related to the music or related	
Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.	music.	music.	when listening to music.	to a personal experience.	
Giving positive feedback relating to the tempo of practices and	Relating sounds in music to real- world experiences (e.g. 'It sounds like squelching mud').	Relating sounds in music to real- world experiences (eg. It sounds like squelching mud').	Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary fast and slow.	Identifying some common instruments when listening to music.	
performances using the vocabulary of fast and slow.	Recognising simple patterns and repetition in rhythm (e.g. where a pattern of beats is repeated).	Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary fast and slow.	Talking about the dynamics of the music, using the vocabulary loud, quiet and silent.	Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.	

Music Progression Document 2025-26 Rossett Acre Primary School

	Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary fast and slow.  Talking about the dynamics of the music using the vocabulary loud, quiet and silent.  Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.  Giving positive feedback related to the dynamics of practices and performances, using the vocabulary of loud, quiet and silent.  Appreciating music from a wide variety of cultures and historical periods.	Talking about the dynamics of the music, using the vocabulary loud, quiet and silent. Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary high and low.  Giving positive feedback relating to the tempo of practices and performances using the vocabulary of fast and slow.  Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.  To recognise and name the following instruments: up to three instruments from Group A and B.	Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary high and low.  Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances.  Appreciating music from a wide variety of cultures and historical periods.		
Creating sound: improvising/composing	Creating sound: improvising/composing	Creating sound: improvising/composing	Creating sound: improvising/composing	Creating sound: improvising/composing	Creating sound: improvising/composing
Breathing at appropriate times	Using instruments imaginatively	mprovising/ composing	Singing simple songs, chants and rhymes	Using instruments imaginatively to	Singing simple songs, chants and
when singing.	to create soundscapes which	Developing an awareness of how	from memory.	create soundscapes which convey a	rhymes from memory.
	convey a sense of place.	dynamics are affected by the	,	sense of place.	,
Singing a range of call and		force with which an instrument	Practising singing songs with a wider		Competently singing songs or short
response chants, matching the	Using bilateral and hand-eye	is played.	pitch range (e.g pentatonic melodies)	Using bilateral and hand-eye	phrases with a small pitch range (up
dynamic and tempo they hear	coordination to play/hold	lue ca caracteristic	which is gradually getting higher or	coordination to play/hold instruments	to five notes that are different but
with accuracy.	instruments using both hands.	Using instruments imaginatively to create soundscapes which	lower.	using both hands.	close together).
Singing part of a given song in	Chambina to undepend hourts	convey a sense of place.	Dunathing at annuanciate times when	Charting to undergatered bout to manduce	Durantinina dinaina danad with a widan
their head (using their 'thinking voice').	Starting to understand how to produce different sounds on	convey a sense of place.	Breathing at appropriate times when	Starting to understand how to produce different sounds on tuned instruments.	Practising singing songs with a wider pitch range (e.g. pentatonic
voice j.	pitched instruments.	Using bilateral and hand-eye co-	singing.	afferent sounds on tuned instruments.	melodies) which is gradually getting
Developing an awareness of how	priched man differna.	ordination to play/hold	Singing part of a given song in their	Maintaining a comfortable position when	higher or lower.
dynamics are affected by the	Maintaining a comfortable	instruments using both hands.	head (using their "thinking voice").	sitting or standing to sing and play	, righter or ferrer.
force with which an instrument is	position when sitting or standing	_		instruments.	Breathing at appropriate times when
played.	to sing and play instruments.	Starting to understand how to	Using instruments imaginatively to		singing.
		produce different sounds on	create soundscapes which convey a	Creating sound responses to a variety	
Learning to use instruments to	Improvising simple question and	pitched instruments.	sense of place.	of physical stimuli, such as nature,	Singing part of a given song in their
follow the beat by first	answer phrases, using untuned	Maintaining a comfortable	Alaintainina a samfantaile neathin 1	artwork and stories.	head (using their 'thinking voice').
observing and then mimicking the teacher's modelling.	percussion or voices.	position when sitting or standing	Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play	Selecting and creating short sequences	Developing an awareness of how
reacher 3 moderning.	Experimenting with adapting	to sing and play instruments.	instruments.	of sound with voices or instruments to	sound is affected by the way an
Maintaining a comfortable	rhythmic patterns by changing	J ,	mon anjoins.	represent a given idea or character.	instrument is held (Group A, B and
position when sitting or standing	either the dynamics, tempo or	Creating sound responses to a	Creating sound responses to a variety	,	C).
to sing and play instruments.	instrument.	variety of physical stimuli such	of physical stimuli such as, nature,	Working collaboratively to combine	
		as nature, artwork and stories.	artwork and stories.	different sounds by either turn-taking	Learning to use instruments to
Creating sound responses to a	Selecting and creating short			or by playing sounds at the same time.	follow the beat, by first observing
variety of physical stimuli such	sequences of sound with voices	Experimenting with adapting	Selecting and creating short sequences		and then mimicking the teacher's
as, nature, artwork and stories.	or instruments to represent a	rhythmic patterns by changing	of sound with voices or instruments to		modelling.
	given idea or character.		represent a given idea or character.		

Improvising simple question and answer phrases, using untuned percussion or voices.  Experimenting with adapting rhythmic patterns by changing either the dynamics, tempo or instrument.  Selecting and creating short sequences of sound with voices or instruments to represent a given idea or character.  Working collaboratively to combine different sounds by either turn-taking or by playing sounds at the same time.	Working collaboratively to combine different sounds by either turn-taking or by playing sounds at the same time.  Creating sound responses to a variety of physical stimuli, such as nature, artwork and stories.	either the dynamics, tempo or instrument.  Selecting and creating short sequences of sound with voices or instruments to represent a given idea or character.  Working collaboratively to combine different sounds by either turn-taking or by playing sounds at the same time.	Working collaboratively to combine different sounds by either turn-taking or by playing sounds at the same time.		Starting to understand how to produce different sounds on pitched instruments (Group C).  Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.
Performing - singing and playing	Performing – singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing
Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.		Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.
Starting to maintain a steady beat throughout short singing performances.  Standing or sitting appropriately when performing or waiting to perform.  Performing actively as a group,	Beginning to acknowledge their own feelings around performance		Standing or sitting appropriately when performing or waiting to perform.  Beginning to acknowledge their own feelings around performance.  Following a leader to start and end a piece appropriately.	Starting to maintain a steady beat throughout short performances.  Standing or sitting appropriately when performing or waiting to perform.  Following a leader to start and end a piece appropriately.	Beginning to acknowledge their own feelings around performance.  Standing or sitting appropriately when performing or waiting to perform.
clearly keeping in time with the beat.			Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)		Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)
Notation	Notation  Reading different types of notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.  Confidently reading simple rhythmic patterns comprising of one-beat sounds and one-beat rests.	Notation	Notation  Reading different types of notation are read by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.	Notation  Reading different types of notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.  Using pictorial representations to stay in time with the pulse when singing or playing.  Beginning to read simple rhythmic patterns which include paired half beats (quavers).	Notation  Reading different types of notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.  Using a simplified version of a stave (three lines) to notate known musical phrases (of two pitches).

Year 3 - HT1	Year 3 - HT2	Year 3 - HT3	Year 3 - HT4+5	Year 3 - HT6
Creating compositions in response to an animation (mountains)	Developing singing technique (Vikings)	Pentatonic melodies and composition (Chinese new year)	Recorders	Traditional instruments and improvisation (India)
Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:	Objectives:
To tell a story from a piece of music through movement.	To sing in time with others.	To learn about the music used to celebrate the Chinese New Year festival.	To know how to hold a recorder	To form an opinion of Indian music.
mi ough movement.	To recognise simple rhythmic notation by	The chinese New Year Testival.	To be able to play basic notes with accuracy	To be able to improvise using given notes.
To create a soundscape using percussion instruments.	ear and by sight.	To play a pentatonic melody on a tuned percussion instrument.	To read and interpret simple notation	To create a piece of music using a drone,
To create a range of sounds to accompany	To use simple rhythmic notation to compose a Viking battle song	To write and perform a pentatonic melody.	To play simple tunes from notation	rag and tal.
a story.  To compose and perform a rhythm to	To perform music with confidence and discipline.	To perform a group composition.	To develop listening and ensemble skills when playing as a group	To perform a piece of music using musical notation.
accompany a story.	discipline.		playing as a group	
To compose and notate a short melody to			To evaluate and improve performance	
accompany a story.				
Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Listening and evaluating (oracy)
Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.	Understanding that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features.	Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.	Listen to themselves and others and make suggestions and improvements.	Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.
Understanding that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features.	Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary.	Understanding that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features.	Copy back phrases, keeping to the correct beat and pattern.  Beginning to show an awareness of metre.	Understanding that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features.
Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary.	Beginning to show an awareness of metre.  Beginning to use musical vocabulary	Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary.		Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary.
Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally and through movement.	(related to the inter-dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.	Describing the timbre, dynamic and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally and through movement.		Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally, and through movement.
Beginning to show an awareness of metre.		Beginning to show an awareness of metre.		Beginning to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-dimensions of music)
Beginning to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-dimensions of music)		Beginning to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-dimensions of music)		when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.
when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.		when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.		Explaining their preferences for a piece of music using musical vocabulary.
Creating sound: improvising/composing Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered composition in a given style (pentatonic).	Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered composition in a given style (pentatonic).	Creating sound: improvising/composing Copy and improvise simple phrases. Have a basic understanding of the building blocks of music – pulse/beat, rhythm, pitch, tempo and dynamics.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments.

Suggesting and implementing improvements to their own work, using musical vocabulary.	Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered composition in a given style.		Perform their own composition using the notes that have been taught. Compose a simple melody in response to a musical stimulus. Use a simple structure when composing. Create and perform their own rhythmic patterns.	
Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing	Performing - singing and playing
Singing and playing in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.	Singing songs in a variety of musical styles with accuracy and control, demonstrating developing vocal technique.	Suggesting and implementing improvements to their own work, using musical vocabulary.  Singing and playing in time with peers, with	Play a range of pieces from memory and simple notation.  Be able to play up to three notes with a good	Singing and playing in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.
Explaining their preferences for a piece of music using musical vocabulary.	Singing and playing in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.	some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.	sound.	Offering constructive feedback on others' performances.
Offering constructive feedback on others' performances.	Offering constructive feedback on others' performances	Offering constructive feedback on others' performances.	Sing a range of pieces from memory before learning and performing on the recorder.  Sit or stand with correct posture	
		Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)	Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)	
Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation	Notation
Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.	Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.	Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff) and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.	Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and being able to identify these symbols using musical terminology.	Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.
	Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and identifying these symbols using musical terminology.	Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and being able to identify these symbols using musical terminology.		Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols using musical terminology.

Year 4 - HT1	Year 4 - HT2	Year 4 - HT3	Year 4 - HT4	Year 4 - HT5	Year 4 - HT6
Jazz Year 3 Unit	Musical contexts unit: WW2	Body and tuned percussion (Rainforests)	English National Opera Finish this Composition	Minotaur production	Changes in pitch, tempo and dynamics (Rivers)
Objectives: To sing and clap a syncopated rhythm for a ragtime-style song. To improvise a call and response. To be able to scat sing using the call and response format. To create a jazz motif. To adapt a familiar tune using jazz rhythms. Listening and evaluating (oracy) Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary. Understanding that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features. Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary. Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally, and through movement. Beginning to show an awareness of metre. Beginning to use musical vocabulary (related to the interdimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.	Year 4 - HT2 Musical contexts unit: WW2  Objectives: Needs to be completed (look at previous planning)  Listening and evaluating (oracy) Listen to a range of musical pieces from 1940s.  Discuss characteristics of music, identifying instruments.  Make comparisons to other types of music, including modern styles.			Year 4 - HT5 Minotaur production  Objectives:  To develop confidence in performing in front of an audience.  Explore musical and rhythmic elements through singing  Use imagination to bring the story to life through performance  Work cooperatively with peers during rehearsals  Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listen to the structure of the songs and identify repeating sections  Listen for accuracy when singing in ensemble.	dynamics (Rivers)  Objectives:  To sing in two parts using expression and dynamics.  To recognise key elements of music.  To perform a vocal ostinato.  To improve and perform a piece of music based around ostinatos.  Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Recognising the use and development of motifs in music.  Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo changes within a piece of music.  Recognising and discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.  Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music.  Identifying scaled dynamics (crescendo/decrescendo) within a piece of music.  Using musical vocabulary to discuss the purpose of a piece of music.  Using musical vocabulary when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.
Explaining their preferences for a piece of music using musical vocabulary. Understanding that music from different times has different features.					Explaining their preferences for a piece of music using musical vocabulary.

Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments.  Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered composition in a given style (pentatonic).  Beginning to improvise musically within a given style using their voice.	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Improvising and composing dance based on Lindyhop-style music *PE link	Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments.  Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion, and looping.  Creating a piece of music with at least four different layers and a clear structure.  Beginning to improvise musically within a given style.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Using a given theme, try out different ideas for sounds and vocal performance.  Use own ideas to create graphic scores around a theme.  Work collaboratively to compose a section of music.	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Create appropriate sounds using props to add timbre to songs.  Develop improvising skills in unexpected situations: adapting to others, creative problem solving and staying in character	Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments.  Beginning to improvise musically within a given style.  Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion and looping.
Performing - singing and playing  Singing songs in a variety of musical styles with accuracy and control, demonstrating developing vocal technique.  Singing and playing in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.  Offering constructive feedback on others' performances	Performing - singing and playing  Understand the various styles of singing used in correlation to the styles of song.  Discuss how the song connects to the world and its relevant culture.  WWII Class assembly.  Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)	Performing - singing and playing  Play in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.	Performing - singing and playing Children select appropriate instrument to play the music based on their graphic scores. Learn and rehearse a performance. Sing 'in time' according to composition	Performing - singing and playing  Children should try to use excellent singing technique: clear tone, breathing correctly, pitch accuracy, diction and dynamic control  Children will develop musical awareness: keeping in time with others, following a melody and listening to others  Show expression in singing  Develop performance skills to an audience: maintaining focus, using the performance space effectively and confidence  Performance experience to a wider audience	Performing - singing and playing  Singing longer songs in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and a developing sense of expression including control of subtle dynamic changes.  Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.
Notation  Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.  Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and identifying notation symbols using musical terminology.	Notation	Notation  Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and identifying notation symbols using musical terminology.	Notation  Use graphic scores to represent musical ideas.  Use graphic scores to explore sound textures, dynamics and structure of composed pieces.	Notation	Notation  Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation and musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.

Year 5 – HT1 Adapting and transposing motifs (Romans) Y4 unit	Year 5 - HT2 Looping and remixing	Year 5 - HT3 Ukelele	Year 5 - HT4 Samba and carnival sounds (South America) <mark>Y4 unit</mark>	Year 5 - HT5 African Drumming	Year 5 - HT6 Musical Theatre
Objectives: To sing in tune and in time To understand what a musical motif is. To compose and notate a motif. To combine and perform different versions of a musical motif.  Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Objectives: To play a simple looped rhythm from notation.  To explore how sound can be layered using loops.  To play a melody line accurately and fluently.  To select a section of a tune and perform it as a loop  To combine loops to create a remix  Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Objectives To develop good playing technique: holding the instrument correctly, downward strumming stroke  To name the different parts of the instrument.  To be able make simple chords using chord charts  To play as an ensemble.  Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Objectives: To recognise and identify the main features of samba music. To understand and play syncopated rhythms. To play syncopated rhythms as part of a group. To compose a basic rhythmic break. To perform rhythmic breaks within a samba piece. Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Objectives  Be comfortable with the playing position  Understand the cultural and social influence of the Djembe drums  Produce open and bass tones  Understand how to use body percussion to imitate these sounds  Understand music grids with high and low notations  Listening and evaluating (oracy)	Objectives:  To understand the history of musical theatre.  To identify character songs and action songs.  To create, rehearse and perform a musical theatre scene.
Recognising the use and development of motifs in music.  Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo changes within a piece of music.  Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions of music.  Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music.  Identifying scaled dynamics (crescendo/decrescendo) within a piece of music.  Using musical vocabulary to discuss the purpose of a piece of music.  Suggesting improvements to others work, using musical vocabulary.	Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.  Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary.  Developing confidence in using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others' work.	Listen and appraise music which includes a ukelele  Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary.  Listen to specific musical elements (tempo) and evaluate the effect it has on the whole piece.	Recognising and discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.  Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions of music.  Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music.  Using musical vocabulary to discuss the purpose of a piece of music.  Suggesting improvements to others' work, using musical vocabulary.	Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.  Suggesting improvements to others' work, using musical vocabulary.	Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.  Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary.  Developing confidence in using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others' work.  Selecting, discussing and refining musical choices both alone and with others, using musical vocabulary with confidence.  Suggesting and demonstrating improvements to own and others' work.  Understanding the impact music has on them and starting to articulate the reasons for this effect using musical vocabulary.

Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments.  Beginning to improvise musically within a given style.  Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion, and looping.	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Composing a detailed piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and instruments (Remix, Colours, Stories, Drama).  Improvising coherently within a given style.  Combining rhythmic patterns (ostinato) into a multi-layered composition using all the interrelated dimensions of music to add musical interest.  Selecting, discussing and refining musical choices both alone and with others, using musical vocabulary with confidence.	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Improvise with tempo to change the mood of the piece of music.  Experiment with up and down strokes to match certain rhythms in the songs.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Beginning to improvise musically within a given style.  Creating a piece of music with at least four different layers and a clear structure.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Beginning to improvise musically within a given style.  Creating a piece of music with at least four different layers and a clear structure working within a group.	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Composing a detailed piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and instruments (Remix, Colours, Stories, Drama).
Performing - singing and playing Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.  Singing longer songs in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and a developing sense of expression including control of subtle dynamic changes.  Playing melody parts on tuned instruments with accuracy and control and developing	Performing - singing and playing  Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting dynamics and pitch according to a graphic score, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group.	Performing - singing and playing  Demonstrate good playing technique whilst playing as a group: pressing the strings firmly and accurately and changing the chords smoothly  Have a good musical awareness: keeping in time with others, following performance cues  Coordinating singing and playing whilst maintaining pulse and rhythm  Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)	Performing - singing and playing  Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.  Playing syncopated rhythms with accuracy, control and fluency.  Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)	Performing - singing and playing  Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.  Playing syncopated rhythms with accuracy, control and fluency.	Performing - singing and playing  Singing songs in two or more parts, in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression.  Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting dynamics and pitch according to a graphic score, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group.  Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)
instrumental technique.  Notation  Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation and musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.	Notation Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and simple staff notation.	Notation Understanding chord charts to perform chords with accuracy	Notation	Notation Composing their own music grid to record ideas Interpreting music grids to play rhythms	Notation

Year 6 - HT1 Dynamics pitch and texture Anglo-Saxon and Viking unit	Year 6 - HT2 Blues Year 5 unit	Year 6 HT3/4 Film music	Year 6 - HT5 Composition notation (Ancient Egypt)  Y5 unit	<b>Year 6 - HT6</b> Year 6 End of Year Production
Objectives: To appraise the work of a classical composer (Mozart, Vivaldi, Catalina Vicens organ music, Sibelius, Wagner, Greig, Britten) To improvise as a group, using dynamics and pitch, pulse, rhythm, melody To improvise as a group using texture. To use knowledge of dynamics, texture and pitch to create a group composition. To use texture to create a group composition featuring changes in texture, dynamics and pitch.	Objectives: To know the features of blues music. To play the first line of the 12-bar blues. To be able to play the blues scale on a tuned instrument. To be able to improvise with notes from the blues scale.	Objectives: To appraise different musical features in a variety of film contexts.  To identify and understand some composing techniques in film music.  To use graphic scores to interpret different emotions in film music.  To create and notate musical ideas and relate them to film music  To play a sequence of musical ideas to convey emotion.	Objectives: To sing with accuracy, fluency, control and expression.  To explore and use different forms of notation.  To understand note length  To read simple pitch notation  To use hieroglyphs and stave notation to write a piece of music	Objectives: To perform with confidence in front of an audience Explore musical and rhythmic elements through singing to improve the quality of singing  Make choices to bring the story to life through performance  Work cooperatively with peers during rehearsals
Discussing musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles.  Representing changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary.  Using musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music.  Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others work.  Constructively critiquing their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary.	Listening and evaluating (oracy) Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.  Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary.  Suggesting and demonstrating improvements to own and others' work.  Understanding the impact music has on them and starting to articulate the reasons for this effect using musical vocabulary.  Confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music and explaining how these have developed over time.  Using musical vocabulary to offer constructive and precise feedback on others' performances.	Recognising and evaluating (oracy)  Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts.  Representing changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary.  Identifying the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect.  Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music.  Evaluating how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds.  Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others work  Constructively critique their own and	Representing the features of a piece of music using graphic notation, and colours, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary.  Developing confidence in using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the interrelated dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others' work.  Selecting, discussing and refining musical choices both alone and with others, using musical vocabulary with confidence.  Suggesting and demonstrating improvements to own and others' work.	Listening and evaluating (oracy)  Listen to the structure of the songs and identify repeating sections  Listen for accuracy when singing in ensemble.  Listening for timing and rhythm to notice change in pace, tone or dynamics during songs or scenes.

		Understanding the impact music has on them and starting to articulate the reasons for this effect using musical vocabulary.		
Creating sound: improvising/composing  Improvising coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features.  Composing a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with voices and bodies.  Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition and changes in dynamics, pitch and texture.	Creating sound: improvising/composing  Improvising coherently within a given style.  Combining rhythmic patterns (ostinato) into a multi-layered composition using all the inter-related dimensions of music to add musical interest.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Improvising coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Composing a detailed piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and instruments (Remix, Colours, Stories, Drama).  Improvising coherently within a given style.  Combining rhythmic patterns (ostinato) into a multi-layered composition using all the inter-related dimensions of music to add musical interest.	Creating sound: improvising/composing Create appropriate sounds using props to add timbre to songs.  Develop improvising skills in unexpected situations: adapting to others, creative problem solving and staying in character
Performing - singing and playing Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time and communicating with the group.  Performing a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance.  Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation.  Performing by following a conductor's cues and directions.	Performing – singing and playing  Singing songs in two or more parts, in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	Performing - singing and playing  Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time and communicating with the group.  Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation.	Performing - singing and playing Singing songs in two or more parts, in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	Performing - singing and playing  Children should try to use excellent singing technique: clear tone, breathing correctly, pitch accuracy, diction and dynamic control  Children will develop musical awareness: keeping in time with others, following a melody and listening to others  Show expression in singing  Develop performance skills to an audience: maintaining focus, using the performance space effectively and confidence
Notation Recording own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology.	Notation Using staff notation to record rhythms and melodies.  Representing the features of a piece of music using graphic notation, and colours, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary.  Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting dynamics and pitch according to a graphic score, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group.	Performance experience to a wider audience (singing assembly)  Notation Recording own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology.	Notation Using staff notation to record rhythms and melodies.  Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting dynamics and pitch according to a graphic score, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group.	Performance experience to a wider audience Notation